

Notice LSU49-5V

KIT CONTENT

(can be sold separately)

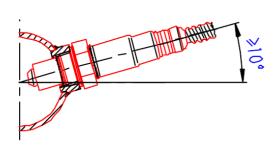
- One LSU 4.9 sensor (cable length: 0.60m)
- One LSU49-5V controller (length 0.30m)



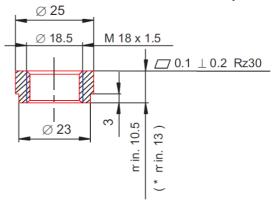
TIPS FOR LAMBDA SENSOR INSTALLATION

The sensor should not be placed at the exit of the cylinder head because the excessive temperature of the gases can damage it (T max. 950 °C).

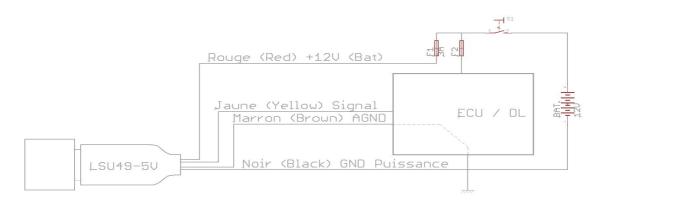
- Nor is advisable to mount the sensor near the exhaust exit because the pumping of gas lets enter the outer oxygen and deceive the measurement.
- Positioning the probe at a minimum angle as shown in Figure posterior to not collect water from the condensation of the steam generated by the fuel combustion.
- Never leave a probe mounted in an exhaust pipe if it is not being used. Combustion residues accumulated in the sensitive part could prevent proper operation of the sensor



Typical racor to be welded in exhaust if necessary.



CONNECTION OF LSU49-5V



Do not connect yellow wire on 12V under threat of destruction of the analog output. Do not connect the black wire to the analog ground but to the power ground.

The brown wire must be connected to the analog ground.



ANALOG OUTPUT LINEARISATION

Linéarisation of the analog output at

- exhaust pressure (P3) = 1013 mB

- - H / C = 2 (for the scale A / F)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Richness	1,755	1,500	1,450	1,400	1,350	1,300	1,250	1,200	1,150	1,100	1,050	1,000	0,950	0,900	0,850	0,800
Lambda	0,570	0,667	0,690	0,714	0,741	0,769	0,800	0,833	0,870	0,909	0,952	1,000	1,053	1,111	1,176	1,250
A/F	8,4	9,8	10,1	10,5	10,9	11,3	11,8	12,3	12,8	13,4	14,0	14,7	15,5	16,3	17,3	18,4
O2 (=f(Ri,C,H))	-14,1%	-9,51%	-8,58%	-7,65%	-6,72%	-5,78%	-4,83%	-3,88%	-2,92%	-1,95%	-0,98%	0,00%	0,98%	1,98%	2,97%	3,98%
Vout (mV) (@P3)	4	693	850	1014	1185	1360	1540	1725	1914	2107	2303	2500	2592	2686	2781	2879

	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
Richness	0,750	0,700	0,650	0,600	0,550	0,500	0,450	0,400	0,350	0,300	0,250	0,200	0,150	0,100	0,050	0,001
Lambda	1,333	1,429	1,538	1,667	1,818	2,000	2,222	2,500	2,857	3,333	4,000	5,000	6,667	10,000	20,000	1000,0
A/F	19,6	21,0	22,6	24,5	26,7	29,4	32,7	36,8	42,0	49,0	58,8	73,5	98,1	147,1	294,2	14709
O2 (=f(Ri,C,H))	4,99%	6,01%	7,03%	8,06%	9,10%	10,15%	11,20%	12,26%	13,33%	14,40%	15,49%	16,57%	17,67%	18,78%	19,89%	20,99%
Vout (mV) (@P3)	2978	3079	3183	3288	3395	3504	3616	3729	3844	3961	4080	4201	4324	4449	4576	4702

Preheating phase, sensor too cold: Vout = 2500 mVUnconnected sensor, or overload or regulation error: Vout < 100 mV

CHARACTERISTICS

Power supply: from 9V to 18V

Consumption: maxi 2A on cold sensor Measurement range: air to 1.55 richness

Offset: +/-15mV Gain precision: +/-1%

Output resistance: 2k (1k if Vout set to ground on detected fault)

Maximum temperature use: 100°C

Sensor heating temperature: regulated to 780°C (can drift with sensor aging)

Total length: 30cm

Weight: 30g IP: IP65

Connector: output wires (4 wires section 0.5mm) for signal and power supply. Type VW on sensor side.

ADVICES

Do not use leaded gasoline.

Excessive consumption of oil by the engine decreases the life expectancy of the sensor.

Do not use a fuse higher than à 5A (recommended value: 2A).

For further information see the corresponding web page on www.THQtronic.com